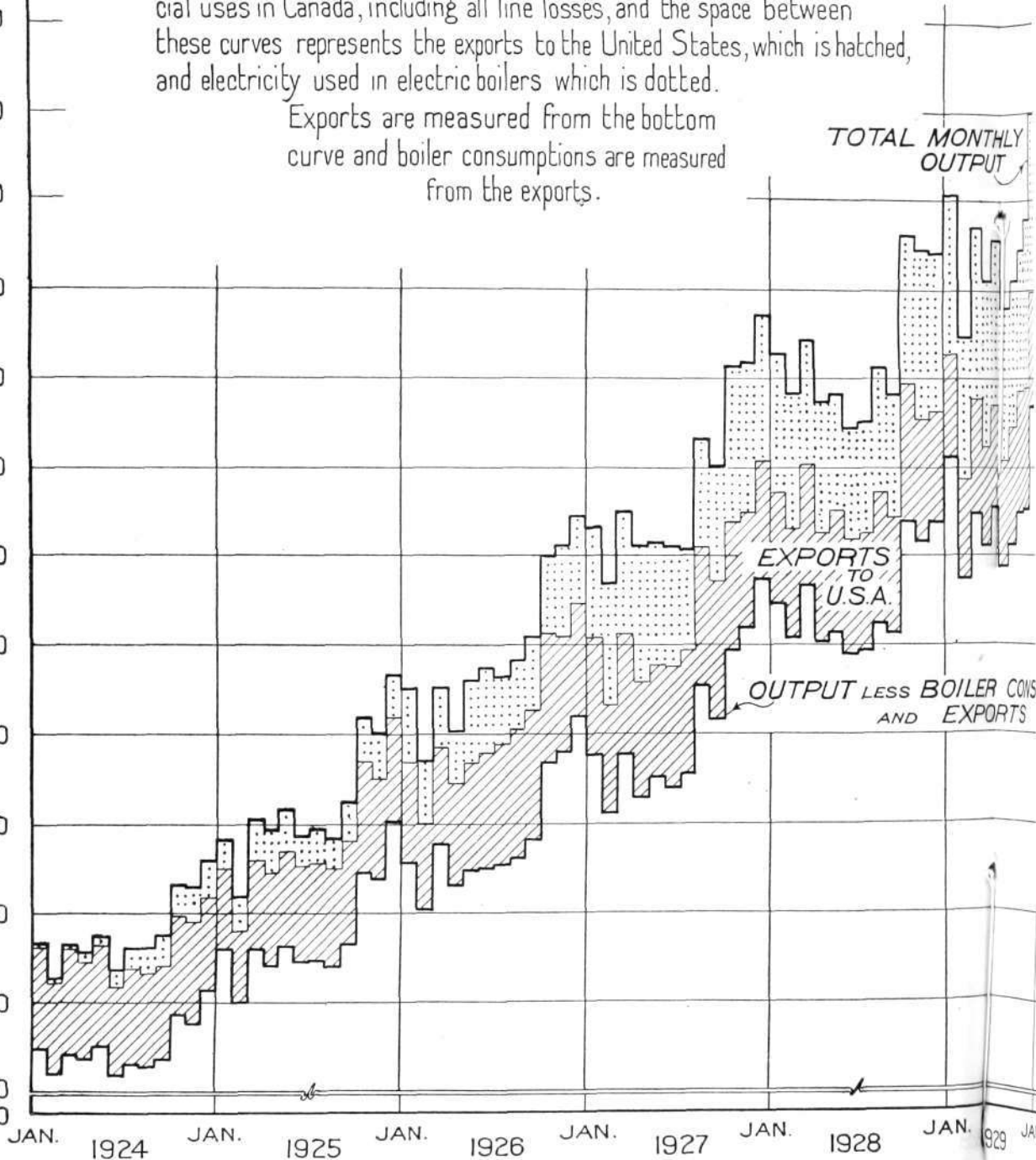


MILLIONS OF KILOWATT
HOURS

CENTRAL ELECTRIC 1924-

2,100
2,000
1,900
1,800
1,700
1,600
1,500
1,400
1,300
1,200
1,100
1,000
900
800
700
600
500
0

The top curve indicates the total output of central electric stations in Canada having annual outputs of a million or more kilowatt hours, which is over 98 per cent of all station output. The bottom curve indicates the production for general commercial uses in Canada, including all line losses, and the space between these curves represents the exports to the United States, which is hatched, and electricity used in electric boilers which is dotted. Exports are measured from the bottom curve and boiler consumptions are measured from the exports.



The above chart is interesting as showing the generally high level of output maintained during the last half of 1935 and the total output for the year reached a record of 2,000 million kilowatt hours. This increase is due not only to the increased consumption by electric boilers (off-peak or surplus power) but also to the increased consumption by the industrial firm power load. Industries consumed about 80 p.c. of the total firm power during the last half of 1935 and the total output for the year reached a record of 2,000 million kilowatt hours.